

EEEB273 - Quiz 3 [Question Set 1]
SEMESTER 1, ACADEMIC YEAR 2010/2011
Date: 18 August 2010

Question:

Draw and label clearly a complete circuit for a BJT differential amplifier that is biased with a Wilson current source at a constant current of **1.5 mA**. The BJT differential amplifier has a differential gain for the one-sided output (A_d) of 150. Power supplies for V^+ and V^- are +10 V and -10 V, respectively. Assume $\beta = 100$ and $V_{BE}(\text{on}) = 0.7$ V for all BJT in the circuit.

[10 marks]

*Hints: You are required to **determine** the value for R_1 in the Wilson current source, and the value for R_C in the BJT differential amplifier.*

[5 marks]

Answer:

$$I_{REF} = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (R_1) \approx I_Q \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_1 = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (I_Q) \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

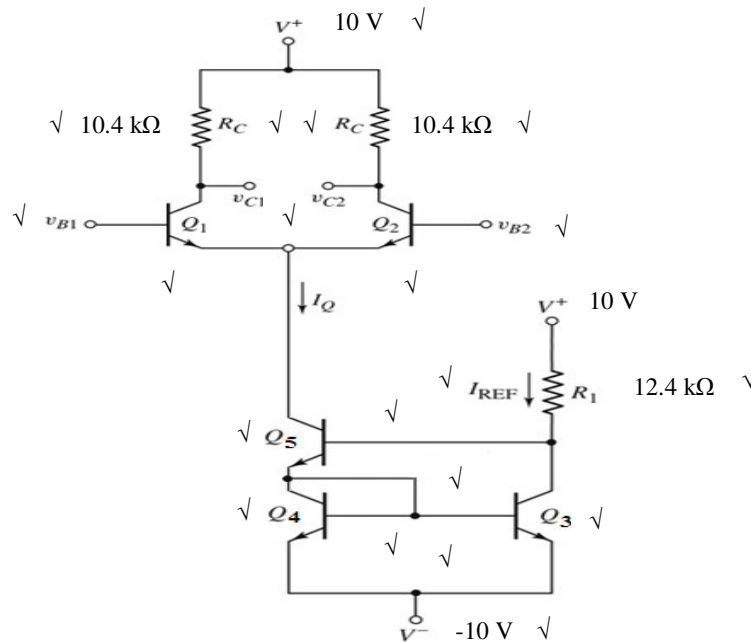
$$= (10 - 0.7 - 0.7 - (-10)) / (1.5\text{m}) = 12.4 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$

$$A_d = (g_m R_C) / 2$$

$$R_C = (2 A_d) / g_m \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$g_m = I_Q / (2V_T) = (1.5\text{m}) / (2 \times 26\text{m}) = 28.846 \text{ mA/V} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_C = (2 \times 150) / (28.846\text{m}) = 10.4 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$



√ = 1/2 mark

EEEB273 - Quiz 3 [Question Set 2]
SEMESTER 1, ACADEMIC YEAR 2010/2011
Date: 18 August 2010

Question:

Draw and label clearly a complete circuit for a BJT differential amplifier that is biased with a basic 3-transistor current source at a constant current of **1.5 mA**. The BJT differential amplifier has a differential gain for the one-sided output (A_d) of 150. Power supplies for V^+ and V^- are +10 V and -10 V, respectively. Assume $\beta = 100$ and $V_{BE}(\text{on}) = 0.7$ V for all BJT in the circuit.

[10 marks]

*Hints: You are required to **determine** the value for R_1 in the basic 3-transistor current source, and the value for R_C in the BJT differential amplifier.*

[5 marks]

Answer:

$$I_{REF} = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (R_1) \approx I_Q \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_1 = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (I_Q) \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

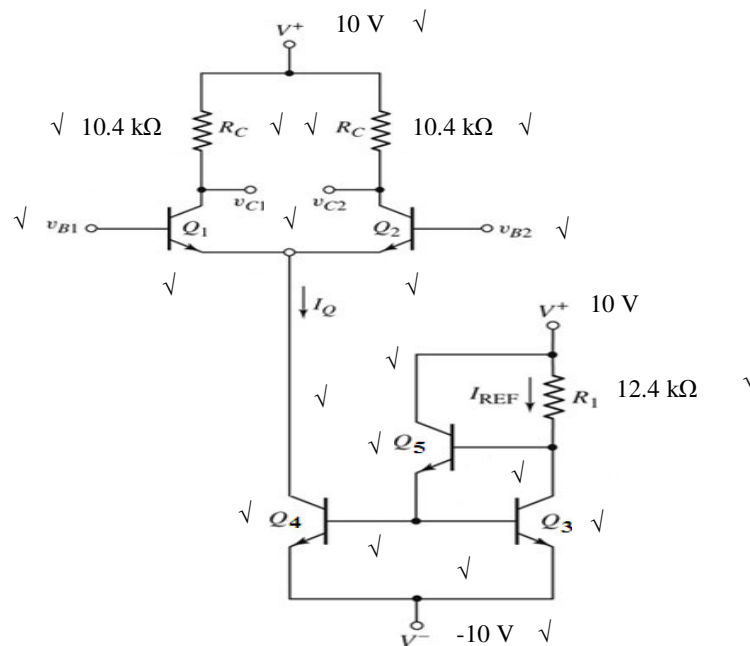
$$= (10 - 0.7 - 0.7 - (-10)) / (1.5\text{m}) = 12.4 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$

$$A_d = (g_m R_C) / 2$$

$$R_C = (2 A_d) / g_m \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$g_m = I_Q / (2V_T) = (1.5\text{m}) / (2 \times 26\text{m}) = 28.846 \text{ mA/V} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_C = (2 \times 150) / (28.846\text{m}) = 10.4 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$

 $\checkmark = 1/2$ mark

EEEE273 - Quiz 3 [Question Set 1]
SEMESTER 1, ACADEMIC YEAR 2010/2011
Date: 18 August 2010

Question:

Draw and label clearly a complete circuit for a BJT differential amplifier that is biased with a basic 3-transistor current source at a constant current of **1.2 mA**. The BJT differential amplifier has a differential gain for the one-sided output (A_d) of 150. Power supplies for V^+ and V^- are +12 V and -12 V, respectively. Assume $\beta = 100$ and $V_{BE}(\text{on}) = 0.7$ V for all BJT in the circuit.

[10 marks]

*Hints: You are required to **determine** the value for R_1 in the basic 3-transistor current source, and the value for R_C in the BJT differential amplifier.*

[5 marks]

Answer:

$$I_{REF} = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (R_1) \approx I_Q \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_1 = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (I_Q) \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

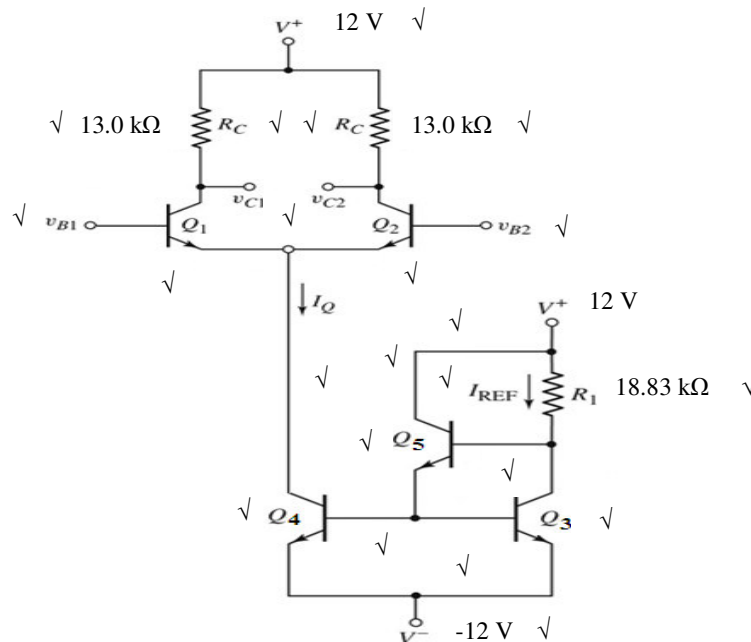
$$= (12 - 0.7 - 0.7 - (-12)) / (1.2\text{m}) = 18.83 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$

$$A_d = (g_m R_C) / 2$$

$$R_C = (2 A_d) / g_m \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$g_m = I_Q / (2V_T) = (1.2\text{m}) / (2 \times 26\text{m}) = 23.077 \text{ mA/V} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_C = (2 \times 150) / (23.077\text{m}) = 13.0 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$



√ = 1/2 mark

EEEB273 - Quiz 3 [Question Set 2]
SEMESTER 1, ACADEMIC YEAR 2010/2011
Date: 18 August 2010

Question:

Draw and label clearly a complete circuit for a BJT differential amplifier that is biased with a Wilson current source at a constant current of **1.2 mA**. The BJT differential amplifier has a differential gain for the one-sided output (A_d) of 150. Power supplies for V^+ and V^- are +12 V and -12 V, respectively. Assume $\beta = 100$ and $V_{BE}(\text{on}) = 0.7$ V for all BJT in the circuit.

[10 marks]

*Hints: You are required to **determine** the value for R_1 in the Wilson current source, and the value for R_C in the BJT differential amplifier.*

[5 marks]

Answer:

$$I_{REF} = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (R_1) \approx I_Q \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_1 = (V^+ - V_{BE3} - V_{BE5} - V^-) / (I_Q) \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

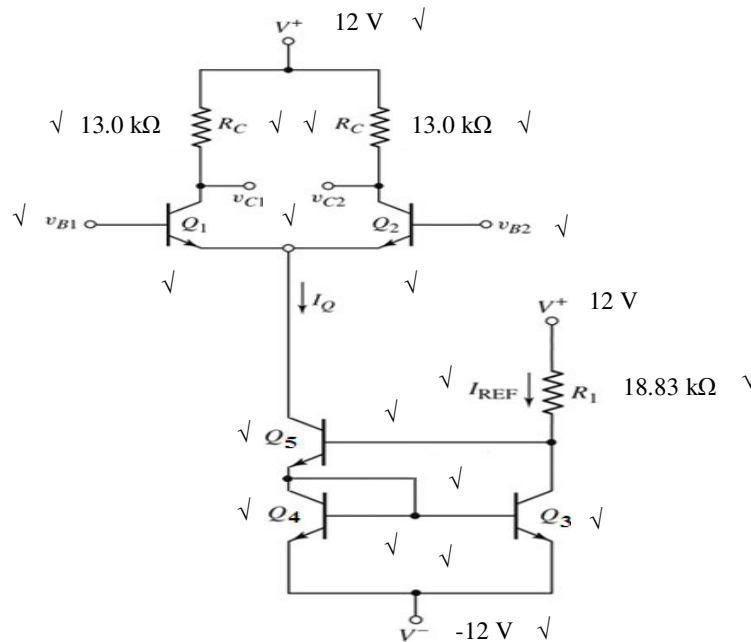
$$= (12 - 0.7 - 0.7 - (-12)) / (1.2\text{m}) = 18.83 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$

$$A_d = (g_m R_C) / 2$$

$$R_C = (2 A_d) / g_m \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$g_m = I_Q / (2V_T) = (1.2\text{m}) / (2 \times 26\text{m}) = 23.077 \text{ mA/V} \quad [1 \text{ mark}]$$

$$R_C = (2 \times 150) / (23.077\text{m}) = 13.0 \text{ k}\Omega \quad [1/2 \text{ mark}]$$



√ = 1/2 mark