

#### UNIVERSITI TENAGA NASIONAL

## College of Information Technology

#### BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE (HONS.)

## FINAL EXAMINATION SEMESTER III 2011/2012

# DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN (CSNB163)

#### **MAY 2012**

Time allowed: 3 hours + 10 minutes for reading

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES.**

- 1. The total marks for this exam is 100 marks.
- 2. There are TWO (2) **SECTIONS** to this paper Section A and Section B.
- 3. Answer **ALL** questions in the answer booklet provided.

DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO DO SO.

### SECTION A. SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS. (5 QUESTIONS, 20 MARKS).

## **Instructions:** Answer all questions. Show all your workings.

1.	Do	the	foll	owing	conversion:

(a) 0101010010<sub>2</sub> to decimal.

[2 marks]

(b) 88<sub>10</sub> to octal.

[2 marks]

(c)  $AB1_{16}$  to binary.

[2 marks]

2. Subtract the decimal number below using 2's complement binary in 8 bits.

[4 marks]

- 3. Give answers to the following operations:
  - (a)  $x \oplus x'$
  - (b)  $x \oplus 1$
  - (c) (x + 1). (x . 0)
  - (d) (x.1)'

[1.5 marks each]

- 4. Choose the example of a sum of products expression:
  - (a) A + B(C + D)

- (b) A'B + AC + AB'C
- (c) (A' + B + C)(A + B' C)
- (d) both (a) and (b)

[2 marks]

- 5. Choose the example of Boolean expression written in its canonical form:
  - (a) AB + B'C'

- (b) A'BC' + ABC' + AB'C
- (c) (A' + B + C)(A + B' + C)
- $(d) \qquad both \ (b) \ and \ (c)$

[2 marks]

## SECTION B. STRUCTURE QUESTIONS. (8 QUESTIONS, 80 marks)

## **Instructions:** Answer all questions.

#### **Question 1**

Simplify the following equation using the theorems and postulates of Boolean Algebra:

(a) 
$$F = AB + (A' + B')C + AB$$

[5 marks]

(b) 
$$F = ABCD + AB(C'D') + (AB)'CD$$

[5 marks]

#### **Question 2**

(a) Simplify the Boolean function below using Karnaugh Map:

$$X(A, B, C, D) = \sum M0, M2, M4, M5, M7,$$

$$D(A, B, C, D) = \sum M1, M9, M10, M11$$

Where "D" indicates Don't care conditions.

[5 marks]

(b) Simplify the truth table below using Karnaugh-map

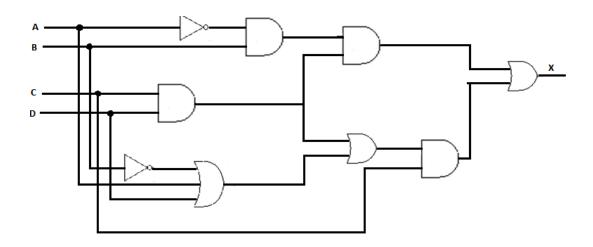
A	В	C	D	Y
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	0

[5 marks]

## **Question 3**

(a) Derive the Boolean expression of the following circuit diagram.

[5 marks]



(b) Prove the following equation is true using truth table:

$$AB + A (B + C) + B (B + C) = B + AC$$

[5 marks]

## **Question 4**

(a) Derive the Sum of Minterms or Product of Maxterm based on the truth table below

A	В	C	D	F
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0

1	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

(b) Draw the circuit diagram necessary for the following problem:

A refrigerator compressor will be triggered ON (1) based on the temperature within the fridge. Whenever the temperature sensor in the fridge detects the temperature in the fridge is higher than the temperature setting sets by the user it will send a signal HIGH (1) that will turn the compressor ON, otherwise the compressor will be OFF to save power.

[5 marks]

#### **Question 5**

Draw the truth table and the circuit that perform the Parity checker using an odd function.

[10 marks]

#### **Question 6**

Consider the following binary arithmetic:

$$101 + 110$$

(a) Show the logic circuit for the operation above using half adder.

[5 marks]

(b) Show the logic circuit for the operation above using full adder:

[5 marks]

A	
Question	
Oucsuon	•

(a) Draw the circuit diagram for a 2 bit magnitude comparator and explain briefly what it do.

[10 marks]

## **Question 8**

(a) What is the difference between SR Latched and D Latched?

[5 marks]

(b) Draw the gated SR latched logic diagram.

[5 marks]

---End of Questions---

## **APPENDIX**

## Theorems and Postulates of Boolean Algebra

Postulate 2	(a) x + 0 = x	(b) $x.1 = x$
Postulate 2	(a) $x + x' = 1$	(b) $x.x' = 0$
Theorem 1	(a)  x + x = x	(b) x . x = x
Theorem 2	(a) $x + 1 = 1$	(b) $x \cdot 0 = 0$
Theorem 3, involution	(a) (x')' = x	
Postulate 3, commutative	(a)  x+y=y+x	(b) $xy = yx$
Theorem 4, associative	(a) $x + (y + z) = (x + y) + z$	(b) $x(yz) = (xy)z$
Postulate 4, distributive	(a)  x(y+z) = xy + xz	(b) $x + yz = (x + y)(x + z)$
Theorem 5, DeMorgan	(a) $(x + y)' = x'y'$	(b) $(xy)' = x' + y'$
Theorem 6, Absorption	(a)  x + xy = x	(b)  x(x+y) = x